

Xi Jinpingthe Governance Of China Spanish Version

This volume explores the governing mechanism employed by the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) in the light of state capacity building. It is built on the premise that regime type notwithstanding, boosting state capacity and utilizing it in their political survival is of crucial concern for any political leader. Xi Jinping, who is no exception to this, has called for the necessity to expand state capacity while he aims to centralize the power under the party. This volume stands out as it offers a comprehensive view of Chinese party-state, especially under Xi Jinping. The research presented here is built on the analysis of authentic datasets and materials. It examines the CCP's relations with various state organs in the Chinese political system, mainly, administrative organs, legislature (the people's congresses), judicial branch (the people's court system), as well as the military (the People's Liberation Army) and state-owned enterprises. This volume attempts to bring China closer to the field of comparative politics making it a more comparable case.

Chinese President Xi Jinping announced the Belt and Road Initiative (BRI) in 2013, a development strategy involving infrastructure development and investments in countries in Europe, Asia and Africa. It has rapidly turned into action, reflected in the establishment of a series of international cooperation mechanisms, landing of cooperation projects, and harvest of some early results. The influence is huge, and controversy is not unexpected. As one of the most frequently mentioned concepts in the official media, how does the "bid to enhance regional connectivity" construct a unified large market through cultural exchange and integration in practice? What is the status quo of building an innovative pattern with capital inflows, talent pool, and technology database? Routledge Handbook of the Belt and Road is an initial review of the theory and practice of BRI, and is the first handbook of its kind. Contributors are leading subject researchers, aiming to reflect the original intentions and principles, history and current situation, basic knowledge and latest studies. A total of 117 entries related to the BRI have been included, organised into 12 clear parts covering the following key topics: • China's reform and opening-up and formation of the BRI • Backstory, concept and framework • The five roads and six economic corridors • Foreign affairs with Chinese characteristics • International action plans relevant and similar to the BRI • Case studies of the BRI implementation and promotion Routledge Handbook of the Belt and Road is an essential guide for researchers, practitioners and observers involved in the BRI construction. Global think tanks, media practitioners and universities will also find the book a useful reference.

The downfall of Bo Xilai in China was more than a darkly thrilling mystery. It revealed a cataclysmic internal power struggle between Communist Party factions, one that reached all the way to China's new president Xi Jinping. The scandalous story of the corruption of the Bo Xilai family -- the murder of British businessman Neil Heywood; Bo's secret lovers; the secret maneuverings of Bo's supporters; the hasty trial and sentencing of Gu Kailai, Bo's wife -- was just the first rumble of a seismic power struggle that continues to rock the very foundation of China's all-powerful Communist Party. By the time it is over, the machinations in Beijing and throughout the country that began with Bo's fall could affect China's economic development and disrupt the world's political and economic order. Pin Ho and Wenguang Huang have pieced together the details of this fascinating political drama from firsthand reporting and an unrivaled array of sources, some very high in the Chinese government. This was the first scandal in China to play out in the international media -- details were leaked, sometimes invented, to non-Chinese news outlets as part of the power plays that rippled through the government. The attempt to manipulate the Western media, especially, was a fundamental dimension to the story, and one that affected some of the early reporting. A Death in the Lucky Holiday Hotel returns to the scene of the crime and shows not only what happened in Room 1605 but how the threat of the story was every bit as important in the life and death struggle for

power that followed. It touched celebrities and billionaires and redrew the cast of the new leadership of the Communist Party. The ghost of Neil Heywood haunts China to this day. The Chinese system is like no other known to man, now or in history. This book explains how the system works and where it may be moving. Drawing on Chinese and international sources, on extensive collaboration with Chinese scholars, and on the political science of state analysis, the author concludes that under the new leadership of Xi Jinping, the system of government has been transformed into a new regime radically harder and more ideological than the legacy of Deng Xiaoping. China is less strong economically and more dictatorial politically than the world has wanted to believe. By analysing the leadership of Xi Jinping, the meaning of 'socialist market economy', corruption, the party-state apparatus, the reach of the party, the mechanisms of repression, taxation and public services, and state-society relations, the book broadens the field of China studies, as well as the fields of political economy, comparative politics, development, and welfare state studies. 'A new interpretation of the Chinese party-state—shows the advantage that derives from a comparative theorist looking at the Chinese system.' —Tony Saich, Harvard University 'This is an excellent book which asks important questions about China's future. In a lively and persuasive manner, the author vividly analyses key data in a comparative and theoretical manner. Far and away the best introduction to how the CCP dictatorship works.' —Edward Friedman, University of Wisconsin-Madison 'There is no lack of scholars and pundits abroad who tell us that dictatorship in China is for the greater good. In a timely and engagingly written book, Stein Ringen systematically demolishes all the components of this claim.' —Frank Dikötter, University of Hong Kong 'Stein Ringen shows how the Chinese state has used both fear and material inducements to build a "controlocracy" of a size and complexity unprecedented in world history. Perfect as a dictatorship, but brutal, destructive, and wasteful. The author's encyclopedic understanding of his topic is based on a mastery of relevant scholarship and is delivered in clear, no-nonsense prose that bows to no one. Ideal as a textbook.' —Perry Link, University of California, Riverside 'China is a complex country, and there is a range of reasonable interpretations of its political system. Professor Ringen's interpretation is different than my own, but China watchers need to engage with his thought-provoking and carefully argued assessment. If current trends of repression intensify, less pessimistic analysts will need to recognise that Ringen's analysis may have been prescient.' —Daniel A. Bell, Tsinghua University 'Inspirational and trenchant. Stein Ringen's book is a must-read to understand China's politics, economy, ideology and social control, and its adaptability and challenges under the CCP's rule, especially in the 21st century.' —Teng Biao, Harvard Law School and New York University 'Stein Ringen's insights as a prominent political scientist enable a powerful examination of the Chinese state in a penetrating analysis that reaches strong conclusions which some will see as controversial. The book is scholarly, objective, and free from ideological partiality or insider bias. Whether one ultimately wishes to challenge or embrace his findings, the book should be read.' —Lina Song, University of Nottingham Click on these links for more information: Blog: <https://thechinesestate.com/> Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/stein.ringen.7/about>

Xi Jinping – der mächtigste Mann in China seit Mao – höchste Zeit zu wissen, was er denkt! Er ist der mächtigste Mann der Welt: Chinas Staatschef hat eine Machtfülle erreicht wie vor ihm nur Mao Zedong, er ist Staatschef auf Lebenszeit. Sein »Gedankengut für das neue Zeitalter des Sozialismus chinesischer Prägung« ist die neue Leitlinie, Kritik an Xi gilt als verfassungswidrig. Sicher ist: Xi Jinping wird nicht nur China in den nächsten Dekaden lenken und leiten, er wird unser aller Zukunft bestimmen. Höchste Zeit also, uns mit seiner Sicht auf die Welt vertraut zu machen! Der langjährige China-Experte Kerry Brown erklärt kompakt auf 160 Seiten, was und wie Xi Jinping denkt: wie er die Armut bekämpfen, den Klimawandel abwenden, mittels Big Data, die Überwachung vervollständigen will, und was er von China erwartet – und wie weit er gehen würde, um dieses zu verteidigen. Kurz: alles, was wir über

das neue China und seinen Herrscher Xi Jinping wissen müssen.

Xi Jinping is the General Secretary of the Communist Party of China, the President of the People's Republic of China, and the Chairman of the Central Military Commission. This is a collection of 79 speeches, talks, dialogues, instructions, and congratulatory letters authored by Xi from November 15, 2012 to June 13, 2014. Arranged around 18 topics, these provide up-to-date insights into his vision of governing the country, building the Party, and enhancing China's relations with its neighbors and the rest of the world. In addition, this book contains a wealth of information on the context of China's strategy for future development, Xi's personal life, and his perspectives on the Chinese nation as well as the world at large.

China zwischen Weltmacht und Diktatur – die erste umfassende Biografie über den großen Unbekannten an der Spitze. Wer China verstehen will, muss Xi Jinping kennen. Die Journalisten Stefan Aust und Adrian Geiges liefern mit ihrer Biografie eine brillante Analyse über Macht, Personenkult und Alleinherrschaft. Kommunismus als Motor für den Status als globale Wirtschaftsmacht. Autokratie mit einem dünnen Anstrich demokratischer Freiheit. Internationale Politik der Öffnung und nationale Kontrolle durch Überwachung. Das moderne China verdankt seinen wirtschaftlichen und politischen Erfolg einem zutiefst widersprüchlichen System. An dessen Spitze vereint Xi Jinping faktisch alle Macht in sich. Doch der Generalsekretär der Kommunistischen Partei und Staatspräsident Chinas wirkt nicht wie ein Diktator, China nicht wie eine Diktatur. Stefan Aust und Adrian Geiges nähern sich mit "Xi Jinping – der mächtigste Mann der Welt" erstmals umfassend der schleierhaften Figur des chinesischen Staatspräsidenten. In akribischen Recherchen sezieren die Autoren das brillant inszenierte Image eines Politikers, der der Autokratie China das Gesicht einer weltoffenen Nation verleihen will – und damit durchkommt. Wo kommt er her, was hat er vor – und was sollten wir von China erwarten? Als renommierte Top-Autoren begeben sich Aust und Geiges auf eine biografische Spurensuche, die nicht nur den Werdegang Xi Jinpings nachzeichnet, sondern Chinas Politik der vergangenen Jahrzehnte bis in die Gegenwart analysiert. So wird aus einer Politiker-Biografie eine fundierte Prognose über die neue Weltmacht im Zeichen des Kommunismus. Packend und faktenreich geschrieben: Das neue Standardwerk über internationale Politik Pünktlich zum 100. Jahrestag der Kommunistische Partei Chinas stellt "Xi Jinping – der mächtigste Mann der Welt" auch unbequeme Fragen an der Einstellung der Staatengemeinschaft zum Geschehen in China. Die Biografie erhellt so Zusammenhänge, die sonst hinter Schlagzeilen und medialen Ablenkungsmanövern verschwinden.

English text of fourteen speeches and interviews given at various events by Xi Jinping from 2012 to 2014.

"I've bought copies of this book for my colleagues as well. I want them to understand socialism with Chinese characteristics." —Mark Zuckerberg, Founder & CEO, Facebook "At great length, the most powerful Chinese leader since Mao explains to the world how China works, what it intends to do in the coming years during his tenure at the top and how its unique governing system will get it there." —Huffington Post "Certainly [President Xi] is working hard at being the confident father to the nation, developing an image which is much less constrained and technocratic than his immediate predecessors." —BBC The first published work by a sitting Chinese President, Xi Jinping: The Governance of China offers a unique look inside the Communist Party of China and its vision for the future. The book presents excerpts and summaries of 79 speeches, talks, interviews, instructions and correspondences in 18 chapters. Each item is accompanied by relevant notes about China's social system, history and culture. The book includes 45 photos taken at various stages of Xi's life, which provide readers with more information about his career and personal life. Topics include: The Chinese Dream Economic Development The Rule of Law Ecological Progress National Defense "One Country, Two Systems" New Model of Major-Country Relations Combating Corruption The CPC Leadership Under the leadership of Xi Jinping, the Communist Party of China has set off in a

new direction of reform and modernization. The Governance of China will contribute greatly to the concepts and principles of governance within the CPC leadership, China's future path of development, and the nations domestic and foreign policies as well as responses to international concerns about China. It is essential reading for anyone interested in knowing how China, and more specifically, how its President views the world and China's place within it. The governance of China

Die Rolle Chinas in einem globalisierten internationalen System: Wechselwirkungen zwischen innenpolitischen Reformen und globalen Machtumschichtungen. Das Buch bietet einen systematischen Überblick über die Außen- und Innensicht auf die chinesische Politik und illustriert diesen durch ausgewählte Fallstudien.

THE THOUGHTS OF XI JINPING, the Marxism of the 21 st century, answers mainly the following two questions: 1. What kind of new country do the 1.4 billion people in China want to build in the 21 st century? They want to build a global first and a model country which will surpass the United States. 2. What kind of new world do the 7 billion people in the world want to build in the 21 st century? They want to build a civilized and a democratic world which will discard hegemony. The Thoughts of Xi Jinping are shaping China and are leading the world. If one doesn't understand The Thoughts of Xi Jinping, he cannot understand the future of China and the world.

Schlagwort/Thema: "As general secretary of the CPC Central Committee and president of the People's Republic of China, Xi Jinping has delivered many speeches on a broad range of issues. He has offered his thoughts, views and judgments, and answered a series of important theoretical and practical questions about the Party and the country in these changing times. His speeches embody the philosophy of the new central leadership. To respond to rising international interest and to enhance the rest of the world's understanding of the Chinese government's philosophy and its domestic and foreign policies, the State Council Information Office, the Party Literature Research Office of the CPC Central Committee and the China International Publishing Group have worked together to produce this book. The book is a compilation of Xi Jinping's major works from November 15, 2012 to June 13, 2014 ...

'This timely book offers valuable insights on key questions in Chinese governance, including the complex role of ideology in policy implementation, and the relationship between central decisionmakers and key state and non-state actors. Using case studies on state owned enterprise reform under Jiang Zemin and Xi Jinping, Kato's extensive research reveals how ideology can be used to mobilize consensus in support of reform initiatives or to obstruct such reforms by those with vested interests.' - Stanley Rosen, Professor, Department of Political Science, University of Southern California, USA This book analyzes the operational dimension of the Chinese communist party's ideology and reveals the complex relationship between ideology, language, governance, and political power in the broader context of China's economic reforms. The book questions state-centric, legitimacy-focused, and content-based approaches to party ideology and analyzes its practice. Conceptualizing public discourse as a language game played by the rules set by the party, the book examines how party ideology is operationalized by multiple state and non-state actors as political rhetoric for persuasion in contentious reform discourses. Through the case studies of the policy discourses over state-owned enterprise reforms under Deng Xiaoping, Jiang Zemin and Xi Jinping, the book highlights ideologys double-edged operational functions (consensus-inducing and conflict-inducing) and claims that ideology can be a double-edged sword for rulers: It is a vital resource to legitimate and sustain their rule; yet, it potentially destabilizes their rule as well. The book proposes new angles to study ideology, legitimacy, and governance and is aimed at political scientists who study authoritarian governance, policy process, and political communication. Its multi-disciplinary approach also appeals to sociologists, media/communication scholars, and linguists who work on rhetoric, political language, and media discourses. Yayoi Kato is

Assistant Professor of Political Science at the Moravian College, Pennsylvania, USA, specializing in Chinese politics. Her research focuses on ideology and propaganda work of the Communist Party of China, political rhetoric, and discourse analysis of Chinas reform policy debates.

At the 19th National Congress, the Communist Party of China (CPC) recognized Xi Jinping Thought on Socialism with Chinese Characteristics for a New Era as the theoretical guidance that it will adhere to for a long period of time? This step forward provides a clear guide to action: first, in the decisive stage of completing a moderately prosperous society in all respects, second, on a new journey to fully build a modern socialist China, and third, in realizing the Chinese Dream of national rejuvenation? Xi Jinping is the principal proponent of this Thought?The two volumes are an integrated whole when studying Xi Jinping Thought on Socialism with Chinese Characteristics for a New Era? They present the developments and major contents of the Thought; record how the CPC Central Committee, with Xi Jinping as the core, has united and led the whole Party and the whole nation in developing socialism with Chinese characteristics in the new era; and embody the Chinese wisdom and Chinese solutions that the CPC has contributed to building a community of shared future for mankind and promoting peace and development? They will be an authoritative source through which readers can learn about Xi Jinping Thought on Socialism with Chinese Characteristics for a New Era and about the guiding principles of the 19th CPC National Congress?This volume is thus republished?

This book examines the many ways in which the Communist Party in China is still revolutionary by focusing on how, in recent years, it has attempted to mobilize Party members to become ethical subjects. In the context of the Party's history of the military revolution, Cultural Revolution and Economic Reform (or economic revolution), the authors argue that under President Xi Jinping the Party has launched an ethical revolution within the Party for the sake of sustaining its legitimacy. This book examines the various combined components of this ethical revolution, including anti-corruption, anti-four undesirable working styles and Mass-Line Education programme from the perspective of the fifty current Communist Party officials. Since the 18th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC) held in 2012, the Central Committee with Xi Jinping as general secretary has led the whole Party and the people of China in the drive to realize the Two Centenary Goals and the Chinese Dream of national rejuvenation. In pursuit of these goals the country has upheld and developed socialism with Chinese characteristics, advanced the Five-point Strategy and the Four-pronged Strategy in a coordinated and integrated manner, and achieved historic progress in reform and opening up and socialist modernization. We have braved new challenges, blazed new trails, resolved long-standing and complex problems, realized long-sought objectives, championed the causes of the CPC and the country, and brought Chinese socialism to the threshold of a new era.

Zhao Tingyang gilt als einer der bedeutendsten chinesischen Philosophen der Gegenwart. Mit diesem Hauptwerk liegen nun seine Überlegungen zu einer neuen politischen Weltordnung erstmals in deutscher Übersetzung vor. Sie basieren auf dem alten chinesischen Prinzip des tianxia – der Inklusion aller unter einem Himmel. In Auseinandersetzung mit okzidentalischen Theorien des Staates und des Friedens von Hobbes über Kant bis Habermas sowie unter Rückgriff auf die Geschichtswissenschaft, die Ökonomie und die Spieltheorie eröffnet uns Zhao einen höchst originellen Blick auf die Konzeption der Universalität. Ein wegweisendes Buch, auch um Chinas aktuelles weltpolitisches Denken zu verstehen.

Die Situation in Chinas nordwestlicher Region Xinjiang hat in den letzten Jahren zunehmende internationale Aufmerksamkeit erfahren. Berichte über Masseninternierungen von Uiguren und anderen ethnischen Gruppen in Umerziehungslagern, Zwangsarbeit, Zwangssterilisation und weitere Menschenrechtsverletzungen beherrschen die Schlagzeilen und belasten die

Beziehungen zwischen China und seinen Kritikern. Die chinesische Regierung rechtfertigt ihr Vorgehen hingegen als Kampf gegen Terrorismus, islamistischen Extremismus und ethnischen Separatismus. "Xinjiang - China und die Uiguren" präsentiert erstmalig in deutscher Sprache eine tiefere wissenschaftliche Auseinandersetzung mit diesem kontroversen Thema. Prägnant und anschaulich führt der erste Teil des Buchs in die komplexe Geschichte der Region ein. Der zweite Teil stellt die Entwicklungen im 21. Jahrhundert dar. Hierbei zeigt sich ein facettenreiches Bild der sozioökonomischen Entwicklung, der ethnischen Identität sowie der Sprach- und Religionspolitik. Der dritte Teil hinterfragt die gängigen Deutungen des Xinjiang-Konflikts, analysiert Proteste und Terrorismus ebenso wie die staatlichen Repressionsmaßnahmen und die internationale Dimension der Auseinandersetzung. Quellennah, basierend auf den Ergebnissen der neuesten Forschung und in einem unaufgeregten Ton vermittelt "Xinjiang - China und die Uiguren" ein ausgewogenes Bild der aktuellen Konflikte.

Das Tagebuch der berühmten chinesischen Schriftstellerin Fang Fang aus einer abgeriegelten Stadt ist ein einzigartiges, ergreifendes Zeitdokument über den Kampf gegen einen unsichtbaren Feind, den die Menschen in Wuhan weltweit als erste führten. Wuhan: Am 25. Januar, zwei Tage nachdem erstmals in der Geschichte eine 9-Millionen-Einwohner-Stadt komplett von der Außenwelt abgeriegelt wurde, beginnt Fang Fang, online Tagebuch zu schreiben. Eingeschlossen in ihrer Wohnung berichtet sie vom Hereinbrechen und dem Verlauf einer Katastrophe, von der Panik während der ersten Tage der Covid-19-Epidemie bis zu ihrer erfolgreichen Eindämmung. Sie erzählt von der Einsamkeit, dem heroischen Kampf des Personals in den Krankenhäusern, vom Leid der Erkrankten, dem Schmerz der Angehörigen von Verstorbenen und der Solidarität unter Nachbarn. Millionen Chinesen folgen ihren Gedanken und ihren Geschichten aus dem unmöglichen Alltag – vom Zorn über die Untätigkeit und Vertuschungsmanöver der Behörden während der Anfangsphase der Epidemie und der Unterdrückung warnender Stimmen, bis zur Anerkennung der wirkungsvollen Maßnahmen der Regierung in den Wochen danach. Fang Fang liefert einen unverstellten Blick auf die Katastrophe "von unten", ganz nah an den Menschen, ihren Ängsten und Nöten, aber auch ihren kleinen Freuden und dem speziellen Wuhaner Humor selbst in dunkelsten Stunden. Zugleich wurde ihr Wuhan Diary in China zum Gegenstand erbitterter Auseinandersetzung über den Umgang mit kritischen Stimmen und Verantwortung – und somit über Chinas künftigen Weg. „Als Zeugen, die wir die tragischen Tage von Wuhan miterlebt haben, sind wir verpflichtet, für diejenigen Gerechtigkeit einzufordern, die gestorben sind.“ - Fang Fang

Humorous illustrations demonstrate hundreds of everyday phrases with tips on pronunciation and grammar. Includes recommended websites to interactive lessons, pronunciation guides, quizzes and exercises. Also available with audio CD or cassette with recordings of the words and phrases on each double page of the book. Ideal for complete beginners.

After two centuries of humiliation and loss, the People's Republic of China is now a major political and economic actor. Western observers expected China to liberalize with economic growth, and for China's rise to be peaceful. China's economy is now second only to the United States, but China is increasingly authoritarian. While China's rise was largely peaceful for decades, China is increasingly belligerent and aggressively seeks

territorial expansion. While Chinese leaders have worked diligently to understand the West, Western leaders have done far less to understand China. Among the many ideologies, philosophies and ideas across China's long history, Daoism holds a unique and powerful influence even today. For Western students of China, Daoism is a good place to begin their study. This monograph seeks to determine the extent of Daoist influence on contemporary operational and strategic thinking in the People's Republic of China. This monograph will address the research question, "How has Daoism influenced Chinese strategy and operational art since 1949?" To answer this question, this monograph includes an overview of Daoism, influences on military thought in China until 1850, influences on military thought from 1850-1949, and contemporary influences. The central thesis is that Daoism substantially influenced contemporary Chinese operational and strategic thinking in three ways: through Daoist influence on Sun-Tzu and other ancient military thinkers, through Daoist influence on Mao Zedong's adaptation of Marxism into "Socialism with Chinese Characteristics," and through the current hybrid of ancient and modern approaches that dominates current national security thought in the People's Republic of China. This compilation includes a reproduction of the 2019 Worldwide Threat Assessment of the U.S. Intelligence Community. Contents: 1. Introduction * 2. The "Golden Thread" of Daoism and Chinese Military Thought Before 1850 * 3. Chinese Military Thought 1850-1949 * 4. The "Red Thread", Political and Military Influence of Mao Zedong Before 1949 * 5. Chinese Military and National Security Since 1949 * 6. President Xi Jinping, "The Governance of China" * 7. Modern Chinese National Security Structure * 8. Modern Chinese Strategic and Operational Documents * 9. Conclusion As the PRC grows in influence and military capability, it is imperative the United States and her allies understand Chinese cultural view of strategy and operational art. China's history varies substantially from the history of the West, and so does her view of war. An improved understanding of the Chinese strategic and operational "theory of reality" will reduce the chance of a war started by miscalculation by one or both parties. It will also reduce the chance the United States will unwittingly cooperate in the Chinese bid for ascendancy. Finally, and most importantly, understanding Chinese strategy and operational art will help the United States prevail in any conflict initiated by China. While Communism has become the dominant ideology in modern China, this monograph contends that Daoism still influences China after two thousand years. In particular, this monograph focuses on the impact of Daoism on the view of strategy in the People's Republic of China (PRC) and the view of operational art within the People's Liberation Army (PLA). The research question addressed in this monograph is "How has Daoism influenced Chinese strategy and operational art since 1949?"

Immer auf dem Sprung, von einer Aufgabe zur nächsten hetzen – die Anforderungen unseres Alltags lassen uns manchmal schier verzweifeln. Die Meditations- und Achtsamkeitslehrerin Suze Yalof Schwartz schafft schnell und wirksam Abhilfe: Einfach mal bewusst abschalten, radikal entschleunigen – und meditieren. Nein, dafür müssen wir nicht in ein Kloster gehen oder zuhause stundenlang auf dem Meditationskissen sitzen. Schon ein paar Minuten am Tag reichen aus, um spürbar ausgeglichener, gelassener und gesünder zu werden und neue Lebensenergie zu tanken!

This book is a compilation of Xi Jinping's major works; it comprises many speeches, talks, interviews, instructions and correspondence. It provides readers with more

information about his work. The publication of this book in various languages is of great significance. It will contribute to interpreting the concepts and principles of governance of the CPC leadership, and help the international community to learn more about and better understand Chinas ideas, path of development, domestic and foreign policies, and response to international concerns about China.

Nach den Umstürzen in der Arabischen Welt und der Atomkatastrophe von Japan steht fest: Wir brauchen eine Abkehr von fossilen Energien und mit Atomkraft ist die Wende nicht zu machen. Kanzlerin Merkel will Deutschland zum Ökostromland umbauen, doch der Ausstieg aus der Kernenergie hat seinen Preis für Bürger, Unternehmen und die Politik. Er wird die Fundamente der Gesellschaft verändern. Schon heute entstehen Tag für Tag ganze Stadtteile, in denen eine neue Ära von Mobilität, Wohnen, Bildung und Energiegewinnung Wirklichkeit wird – und Jeremy Rifkin ist ihr Chefplaner. Er berichtet von den Begegnungen mit den Topmanagern großer Konzerne wie IBM, Siemens, EnBW, Daimler und nimmt den Leser mit in die Hinterzimmer von Spitzenpolitikern wie Angela Merkel, David Cameron oder Romano Prodi, wo er unermüdlich für eine neue Welt eintritt. Sein Buch ist der faszinierende Werkstattbericht eines Insiders über Zukunftstechnologien, die grüne Exportschlager werden können. Gefährlicher Rivale statt unverzichtbarer Partner: Mit welchen Strategien China die Welt erobert Chinas Aufstieg zur Weltmacht ist unaufhaltsam. Lange erwartete man, dass sich das Land mit zunehmendem Wohlstand demokratisieren würde. Doch das Gegenteil ist der Fall. Die Kommunistische Partei Chinas will sich mit allen Mitteln an der Macht halten. Dafür werden Wirtschaft und Gesellschaft im eigenen Land auf Linie gebracht und ein weitreichendes Programm wurde entwickelt, mit dem China die westlichen Demokratien unterwandert und eine neue Weltordnung etablieren will. Dabei setzt es nicht nur seine Wirtschaftsmacht als Waffe ein, sondern die gesamte Bandbreite seiner Politik. Wie vielfältig der chinesische Einfluss auch bei uns bereits ist, enthüllen die beiden Autoren an zahlreichen Beispielen – ein Anstoß zu einer dringend notwendigen Debatte: Wie soll Deutschland, wie Europa mit der neuen Weltmacht China umgehen?

This open access book captures and elaborates on the skill of storytelling as one of the distinct leadership features of Xi Jinping, the General Secretary of the Communist Party of China and the President of the People's Republic of China. It gathers the stories included in Xi's speeches on various occasions, where they conveyed the essence of China's history and culture, its reform and development, and the principles of China's participating in global governance and cooperating with other countries to build a community of common destiny. The respective stories not only convey abstract and profound concepts of governance in comparatively straightforward language, but also create an immediate emotional connection between the narrator and the listener. In addition to the original stories, extensive additional materials are provided to convey the original context in which each was told, including when and to whom Xi told it, helping readers attain a deeper, intuitive understanding of their relevance.

The first published work by a sitting Chinese President, Xi Jinping: The Governance of China offered a unique look inside the Communist Party of China and its vision for the future. Since publication, Xi Jinping has continued to explore the governance of China in the new era, providing a series of new concepts, ideas, and strategies which add further depth and innovation to the Party's theoretical base. This new volume II

explores that legacy with 99 additional speeches, talks, interviews, instructions and correspondences in 17 chapters, along with 29 related photographs. The works cover the vital period from August 2014 to September 2017. Under the leadership of Xi Jinping, the Communist Party of China has set off in a new direction of reform and modernization. The Governance of China will contribute greatly to the concepts and principles of governance within the CPC leadership, China's future path of development, and the nations domestic and foreign policies as well as responses to international concerns about China. It is essential reading for anyone interested in knowing how China, and more specifically, how its President views the world and China's place within it.

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