

Basic Documents In International Law Ian Brownlie

Within the sphere of law, it is the recognition of its subjects - women, men, children and private or public entities - which has been the most prominent facet of national, regional or international relations. The dominance of the question of recognition has led to the development of the law and the maintenance of its provisions. Obviously, the legal effect of recognition is limited if rights are not implemented entirely. Simultaneously, justice cannot be done within the social structure of any society as long as the basic elements of that society do not properly protect the rights of children. Thus, the complexity one may expect of a legal issue is not just how to deal with the relevant issue in a court of justice, but how to prove that the machinery of justice does not own or use the appropriate documents necessary for the examination of the issue. This book on confessing the international rights of children brings together all international documents which are significant to the protection of the rights of children. The introduction to each document presented in the book demonstrates that there is not necessarily any particular need to prove the legal existence of children's rights. They obviously exist with full rights, but the implementation of those rights is indeed not so easy. In addition, as a matter of principle, we must not forget that the natural personality of each child has not been created by national, regional or international documents, but by their very existence within our global environment, constituting human beings of their own age.

The second revised edition of "Basic Documents on International" "Migration Law" brings together in a single volume the principal international conventions, declarations and instruments governing international migration in the form in which they stood as of early 1997. It contains the texts of these materials (or, where appropriate, extracts from the texts) together with information on the current state of ratification of each instrument and indications of any reservations, interpretative declarations or other statements made by the States parties. The book begins with excerpts from general multilateral texts, ranging from the Universal Declaration of Human Rights to the Vienna Declaration of 1993. This is followed by instruments governing nationality and statelessness; materials relating to refugees; and texts emanating from the Council of Europe, the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, the European Community and Union and the International Labour Organization. The selection ends with a miscellany of texts of general significance, from the Inter-American Convention on Territorial Asylum of 1954 to the Convention of Human Rights concluded by the Commonwealth of Independent States in 1995. This publication is not intended for scholars alone, but also for practitioners in migration law. The texts are of practical significance for those concerned with the administration of the laws affecting migration and for representatives of those affected by these laws. It also serves as a companion to Richard Plender's monograph, "International Migration Law."

Anyone involved in trade law knows the time-consuming nature of obtaining primary source material and consulting each of the main trade laws. Now in its fourth edition, Basic Documents in International Trade Law solves this problem by assembling, in a single, easy-to-use resource, a very comprehensive collection of the most important and frequently used documents on the law of international trade. In addition to its obvious practical value, this work reveals much about the process of harmonization in international trade law and the operation of the key international trade bodies. This makes the book a helpful reference for international business lawyers, researchers, legislators and government officials in the field. Since the successful publication of the previous editions of the book, the appearance of new conventions and model laws has considerably enriched the law of international trade, and the present edition contains a wealth of new material. The book has been substantially revised and several new instruments have been included. Among the most significantly important improvements to this new edition are new chapters added to different parts of the book, a redesigned and thoroughly revised Part 6 reflecting the expansion of intellectual property rights under the framework of treaties administered by World International Property Organization, and bibliographies and other research resources updated and enlarged to include an extraordinarily rich collection of books and articles in many trading languages besides English, including, for the first time, major Chinese works in the international trade law field. As the late Prof. Clive M. Schmitthoff commented on the first edition, the book 'is not only of practical usefulness but has also considerable jurisprudential value', and 'reveals the methodology of the harmonization process in the area of international trade law'. The International Business Lawyer first commented in 1987 that the book 'can only be described as a "vade mecum" for every international business lawyer', an assessment that now seems more merited than ever.

"International law of foreign investment is a field of public international law that has attracted considerable attention from practitioners, academics, and policy-makers in the last two decades. Its key characteristic is the extent of substantive and procedural decentralisation: while often sharing certain structural elements, both substantive obligations and mechanisms of international dispute settlement are mostly opposable only between the particular parties, even when expressed in multilateral form. This makes a clear and comprehensive overview of the topic particularly important. The second edition adopts a new structure that better reflects the concurrence of various reform proposals with the fairly stable stratum of instruments that inform the current practice. With this systemic dynamic in mind, the selected documents are divided into three parts: Past, Present, and Future. The Past sets out the legal background to modern investment protection law. The Present provides generalist international law materials (sources and responsibility), a selection of the more important instruments with substantive investment rules, and rules of international dispute settlement regarding investment protection. The Future (new for the second edition) lists a number of possible directions of future development, including a variety of approaches that maintain the traditional procedural kernel of investor-State arbitration as well as proposals for more significant change, with non-State actor involvement in dispute settlement either rejected or moulded into a judicial mechanism. This highly regarded book is aimed at teachers, students, practitioners, and policymakers in the area. It can be used both as a practitioners' handbook and as a classroom companion for courses on international dispute settlement and investment protection law."--

Even in the middle of the ocean, the law is in action. Legal experts are constantly needed to interpret the laws established by United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea. Thus, the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (ITLOS) was established in 1994 as an independent body in Hamburg, Germany to deal with international maritime disputes. The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea has the important role of the interpretation and application of the above mentioned Convention and its purposes. It has the authority to resolve disputes concerning the law of the sea. Therefore, the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea has great influence on transboundary international law. In this collection, the reader is provided with

an extensive overview of applicable international legislation and landmark cases of the law of the sea. This is exactly what makes this collection highly valuable in the legal arena. Even in the middle of the ocean, the law is in action. Legal experts are constantly needed to interpret the laws established by the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea. Thus, the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (ITLOS) was established in 1994 as an independent body in Hamburg, Germany to deal with international maritime disputes. ITLOS has the important role of the interpretation and application of the above mentioned Convention and its purposes, and it has the authority to resolve disputes concerning the law of the sea. Therefore, the ITLOS has great influence on transboundary international law. This series provides an extensive overview of applicable international legislation and landmark cases of the law of the sea, making it highly valuable in the legal arena.

Since the publication of the second edition of this outstanding collection there has been a continued and rapid growth in the number international conventions, protocols, declarations and recommendations governing migration; and a transformation of the European Union's the legislation on the subject. The present edition takes account of these developments.

Anyone involved in the study or practice of trade law knows the difficult & time-consuming nature of obtaining primary source material & consulting each of the main trade law instruments when examining the applicable treatment of a particular point. Now in its third edition, Basic Documents on International Trade Law solves this problem of inconvenience by assembling, in a single, easy-to-use resource, a very comprehensive collection of the most important & frequently used documents on the law of international trade. Professor Cheng's document selection is guided by his balance of experience in both academia & professional practice. In addition to its obvious practical value, this work also reveals much about the process of harmonisation in international trade law, the operation of the key international bodies, & the growth of the Law Merchant. Basic Documents on International Trade Law provides both an examination of key aspects of international trade law & a suggestion as to its future as well as a helpful source of reference for students, academics, international business lawyers, legislators, & government officials in the field. This latest edition contains a wealth of new material, reflecting the appearance of new conventions & model laws in international trade since the publication of the earlier versions. Certain parts have been substantially revised & re-arranged & several new instruments are included.

PART THREE: OUTER SPACE

49).

This book expertly curates, edits and categorises the key primary sources in international dispute settlement allowing students to focus on engaging with the material, rather than trying to source it. It is the only single source covering multilateral treaties; special agreements; compromissory clauses and resolutions of international organisations. A clear structure, expert commentary and cross referencing, gives fingertip access to material that can be unwieldy. The second edition covers all the key case law developments in this rapidly changing field, as well bilateral/multilateral treaties. Documents from the first edition are up to date, with updates including new practice directions of the ICJ, the Climate Change (Paris Agreement) and the revised UNCITRAL rules. Brand new documents introduced include the 1992 Agenda for Peace and GA Res 57/26. A new subject index improves navigation. An invaluable work of reference for students in this fast moving and dynamic field.

A guide to documents online as of April 1994.

This compendium brings together the documents needed to gain a thorough understanding of the laws of the sea. It integrates documents of the International Maritime Organization, of regional fisheries organizations, security related documents, treaties concerning resource exploitation, environmental protection measures, and more.

The long-running dispute over East Timor is an unresolved item on the agenda of the international community. It involves issues of self-determination, nonrecognition, and human rights. This book reproduces the basic materials relating to the historical background of East Timor, to the circumstances of the Indonesian invasion and subsequent incorporation of East Timor, to the development of the dispute in the light of the international community's response to it, and, finally, to the 1995 judgment of the International Court of Justice in the case concerning East Timor between Portugal and Australia.

International law of foreign investment is a field of public international law that has attracted considerable attention from practitioners, academics, and policy-makers in the last two decades. Its key characteristic is the extent of substantive and procedural decentralisation: while often sharing certain structural elements, both substantive obligations and mechanisms of international dispute settlement are mostly opposable only between the particular parties, even when expressed in multilateral form. This makes a clear and comprehensive overview of the topic particularly important. The second edition adopts a new structure that better reflects the concurrence of various reform proposals with the fairly stable stratum of instruments that inform the current practice. With this systemic dynamic in mind, the selected documents are divided into three parts: Past, Present, and Future. The Past sets out the legal background to modern investment protection law. The Present provides generalist international law materials (sources and responsibility), a selection of the more important instruments with substantive investment rules, and rules of international dispute settlement regarding investment protection. The Future (new for the second edition) lists a number of possible directions of future development, including a variety of approaches that maintain the traditional procedural kernel of investor-State arbitration as well as proposals for more significant change, with non-State actor involvement in dispute settlement either rejected or moulded into a judicial mechanism. This highly regarded book is aimed at teachers, students, practitioners, and policymakers in the area. It can be used both as a practitioners' handbook and as a classroom companion for courses on international dispute settlement and investment protection law.

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